

PARK CITY STORM WATER INITIATIVES

For more information about the Park City Stormwater Initiative program, please contact us.

PARK CITY PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stormwater Division • 435-615-5307

EMERGENCIES

435-615-5500 (Police Dispatch) stormwater@parkcity.org www.parkcityutilities.org

OTHER STORMWATER BROCHURES

- Dogs
- Landscaping
- Food Service
- Vehicles



HELPFUL RESOURCES

NATIONAL RESOURCES

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Clean Water Act: www.epa.gov

INTERNATIONAL STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DATABASE

www.bmpdatabase.org

LOCAL RESOURCES

RECYLE UTAH

1951 Woodbine Way, Park City 435-649-9698 www.recycleutah.org/warehouse Mon-Sat, 8:00 a.m.-5:30 p.m.

EAST CANYON CREEK WATERSHED

www.eastcanyoncreek.org

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY

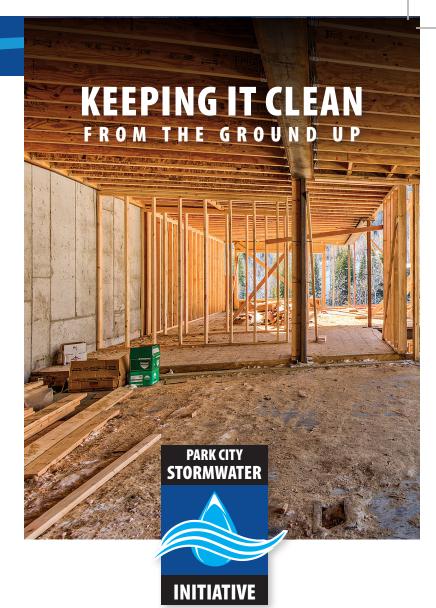
6280 Silver Creek Drive, Park City 435-487-9015 www.habitat-utah.org

PARK CITY SOIL ORDINANCE

www.parkcity.org (search soil ordinance)

SUMMIT COUNTY LANDFILL

2140 North Henefer Landfill Road, Henefer 435-336-3338, Mon-Sat, 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.



CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

- Erosion
- Litter
- Vehicles



BUILDING FOR BETTER STORMWATER

Park City is focused on preserving and enhancing the natural environment by managing stormwater quality and quantity to keep waterways clean, ecosystems sustainable, and reduce flooding. Stormwater that is not managed runs across manmade surfaces and gathers pollutants. The water is never treated, therefore, pollutants are carried into McLeod and Silver Creeks — important wildlife habitats, and recreational and culinary water resources — that flow into the Great Salt Lake.



Construction activity can have a significant impact on stormwater. As water flows over a construction site, it picks up pollutants, such as

sediment, debris, vehicle fluid, and chemicals, that contaminate our streams and harm aquatic habitats and wildlife. But preventive measures can help eliminate stormwater pollution.

EVERYDAY SOLUTIONS

Following are several ways you can help reduce stormwater pollution in your daily life to ensure a safe and beautiful Park City.

- Schedule excavation and grading work for dry weather.
- Remove existing vegetation only when absolutely necessary.
- Consider planting temporary vegetation for erosion control on slopes or where construction is not immediately planned.
- Protect downslope drainage courses, streams and storm drains with hay bales or temporary drainage swales.
 - Use check dams or ditches to divert runoff around excavations.
- Cover stockpiles or contained excavated soil with secured tarps, plastic sheeting or perimeter containment to prevent materials from washing away.
- Keep gutters clean and free of dirt and debris.
- Use drain covers to keep sediment and washout materials, such as paint, concrete, slurry, mortar, stucco, and plaster from polluting local creeks.
- Wash roadways and driveways into grass, not streets.
- Dispose of wet construction materials in a properly designed washout area. Use a sand berm and tarp or mobile unit to collect waste and prevent run-off.
- Contain litter in cans with lids where it cannot blow away.



- Inspect and maintain vehicles to reduce leakage.
- Reduce automotive emissions through regular maintenance.
- When refueling or maintaining on-site vehicles/equipment, designate a location away from storm drains or drainage areas.
- Designate a stabilized access area for vehicles and equipment to prevent tracking mud onto roadways.
- When possible, prohibit vehicle/ equipment parking on unpaved or nonstabilized areas.
- Take used motor oil and antifreeze to the recycling center or household hazardous waste facility.
- Store toxic products and fluids in protected locations and wash products and equipment into a hazardous-materials drum for proper disposal.
- Cleanup spills with kitty litter or absorbent material and dispose as hazardous waste.



• Locate chemical toilets so that if they are damaged or knocked over the contents could not enter a stormwater drainage system.