Light Rail (LTR)

Electrified rail service, in a dedicated guideway, or - streetcar in mixed traffic.

Trip types: local and regional Operating environment: dedicated right-of-way for LRT, in-lane with vehicles Streetcar Typical stop spacing: 1 mile Typical peak frequency: 15 minutes Ridership Capacity: 120 - 180 per bus Compatibility with existing system: No Other considerations:

- Requires 10-20 acres at end of line for O&M facility.
- Steep grades may restrict the route.
- Turning radii footprints may have property impacts.
- Streetcar runs in-line with traffic and would be subject to the same congestion and delay as SOVs.
- Low emissions transit option.

<image>

Yes

Maybe

No

Measures of Effectiveness

| Does the alternative reduce congestion on SR-248? - OR - Does the alternative reduce travel delay on SR-248? | Does the alternative improve access to key destinations on SR-248 between Quinn's Junction and the OTTC? | Does the alternative reduce transit travel times on SR-248 between Quinn's Junction and the OTTC? | Does the alternative increase on-time performance of transit on SR-248 between Quinn's Junction and the OTTC? | Does the alternative provide reliable transit service on SR- 248 that serves low- income and minority populations? | Does the alternative provide high- frequency transit on SR-248 between Quinn's Junction and the OTTC that limits road widening? | Does the alternative provide additional travel modes on SR- 248 between Quinn's Junction and the OTTC? | Feasibility: Implementable before 2034? Service proven technology? |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| LTR may reduce congestion and travel delay. Streetcar could exacerbate congestion and travel delay, operating in mixed traffic with inline stops. | • LTR and streetcar will improve access on- corridor and between destinations. | • Transit travel times expected to be reduced with LTR, but not streetcar. | Transit on-time performance expected to increase with LTR, but not streetcar. | Transit reliability for low-income and minority populations expected to increase with LTR. | LTR would likely require corridor widening, particularly at station locations. | Both provide additional travel modes in the study area. | Time needed to environmentally clear and design a wider rail corridor plus O&M facility may be tight. Service proven technology. |

Re-create **248**